

SRI A.S.N.M. GOVT.COLLEGE (A), PALAKOL,W.G:DT
(Affiliated to Adikavinnannaya University, Rajamahendravaram)
II BSC Degree Examinations at the End of IV Semester (CBCS)
SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS

REAL ANALYSIS

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Answer any FIVE questions each question carries Five marks : 5X5=25 M

1. Prove that Every convergent sequence is bounded .
2. Test for the convergent of the series $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1.3}{2.5} + \frac{1.3.5}{2.5.8} + \dots$
3. Test for the convergent for $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^n + 3^n}$
4. Examine the continuity of the function defined by $f(x) = |x| + |x-1|$ at $x=0,1$
5. Verify Rolle's theorem in the interval $[a,b]$ for the function $(x-a)^m (x-b)^n$ being +ve integers .
6. Prove that $f(x) = x \left(\frac{e^x - 1}{e^x + 1} \right)$ if $x \neq 0$ and $f(0)=0$ is continuous at $x=0$ but not derivable at $x=0$
7. Evaluate $\int_0^{\pi/4} (\sec^4 x - \tan^4 x) dx$
8. Prove that $1/4 < \int_0^{1/4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx < 1/\sqrt{15}$

SECTION -B

Answer any FIVE questions at least Two from each part .Each questions carries Ten marks: 5X10=50M

PART-A

9. Prove that a monotonic sequence is convergent if and only if it is bounded.
10. Prove that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{(n+1)^2} + \frac{1}{(n+2)^2} - \dots - \frac{1}{(n+n)^2} \right] = 0$
11. State and prove the Cauchy's n^{th} root test
12. If $S_n = \frac{1}{1.2} + \frac{1}{2.3} \pm \dots - \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$ prove that sequence S_n is convergent
13. If f is continuous on $[a,b]$ then prove that f is bounded and attains its infimum and supremum.

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PART-B

14. If f is continuous on $[a, b]$ then prove that f is uniformly continuous on $[a, b]$.

15. State and prove the Lagrange's mean value theorem.

16. Find C of Cauchy's mean value theorem for $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$ in $[a, b]$ where $0 < a < b$

17. If $f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ is continuous on $[a, b]$ then prove that f is integrable on $[a, b]$.

18. State and prove the Fundamental theorem of integrals calculus.