Item required	Modules relevant to local needs	Modules relevant to regional needs
Course – I INORGANIC & ORGANIC CHEMISTRY	ELEMENTS OF BORON GROUP ELEMENT OF CARBON GROUP ELEMENT OF NITROGEN GROUP ELEMENTS OF OXYGEN GROUP ELEMENTS OF HALOGEN GROUP, INTER HALOGEN AND PSEUDO HALOGEN ORGANOMETALLIC CHEMISTRY STRUCTURAL THEORY IN ORGANIC CHEMISTRY APPLICATIONS OF INDUCTIVE EFFECT ACYCLIC HYDROCARBONS - ALKENES ACYCLIC HYDROCARBONS - ALKYNES ALYCYCLIC HYDRO CARBONS BENZENE AND REACTIVITY	Synthesis of boron hydridesBorohydrides Physical and chemical propertiessilicates Silanes and silicones Physical state & physical properties Hydribes of Nitrogen - Hydrazine General trends in physical properties Physical and chemical properties Preparation and uses of organo lithium compounds Grignard (organo magnesium)compounds Fission of covalent bond Homolytic fission Heterolytic fission Acidity of acids Methods of preparation of alkenesMethods of preparation Physical properties Chemical properties Preparation Chemical properties Methods of preparation of benzene Methods of preparation of alkyl benzene

Course – II title Physical&General chemistry	SOLUTIONS SURFACE CHEMISTRY	Fractional distillation Immiscible liquids and steam distillationadsorption
Course – III title Inorganic & Organicchemistry	Carboxylic acids	Preparation and properties of Carboxylic acids Preparation and applications of Acetoacetic ester Preparation and applications of Malonic ester
Course – IV title PAPER- IV:SPECTROSCOPY & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY	UNIT-III DILUTE SOLUTIONS UNIT-IV ELECTROCHEMISTRY- I&II 1.Conductivetie measurement and Conductometric titrations. UNIT-V PHASE RULE 1.Phase equilibrium of one component water system	UNIT-I. SPECTROPHOT OMETRY& Electronic spectroscopy 1.Measurement of absorption 2.Quantitative analysis using Beer Lamberts law UNIT-II INFRA-RED SPECTROSCOPY& NMR Spectroscopy 1.Interpretati on of spectra- alcohols,carb onyl compounds,a mines,alkene s. 2.Applications of NMR spectroscopy- Ethyl bromide,ethanol,acetald ehyde andacetophenone U N IT - V P H A

		S E R U L E 1.Phase equilibrium of two componentsystem Pb-Ag system.
Course – V title PAPER-V:INORGANIC, ORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY	UNIT-I COORDINATION CHEMISTRY	UNIT-I COORDINATION CHEMISTRY UNIT-II

	UNIT-II SPECTURAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF METAL COMPLEXCES UNIT – III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – CARBOHYDRATES UNIT-IV AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEINS UNIT – V PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – THERMODYNAMICS Joul-thomson effect, coefficient,	SPECTURAL AND MAGNETIC PROPERTIES OF METAL COMPLEXCES Thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability – factors – chelate effect – composition of complex by job's methodand mole ratio method UNIT – III ORGANIC CHEMISTRY – CARBOHYDRATES Evidence cyclic structure of glucose – proof for the ring size – osazone formation form glucose and fructose – conversions – arabinose to D-glucose, aldohexose to aldopentose by ruff's degradation UNIT-IV AMINO ACIDS AND PROTEINS Zwitter ion structure – isoelectric point, peptied bond structure and nomenclaturepepited and proteins. UNIT – V PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – THERMODYNAMICS
Course –V I title PAPER-VI:INORGANIC, ORGANIC & PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY	UNIT-III Heterocyclic compounds UNIT-IV Bio-Inorganic chemistry 1.Bio-logical significance of Na,K,Mg,Fe,Zn,Co etc 2.Functions of Hemoglobin and Chlorophyll. Additional curriculum Drug chemistry Generic names and trade names of aspirin,Paracetamol. HIV,Aids.	<ul> <li>UNIT-I Nitro hydrocarbons</li> <li>1.Preparation of nitro alkanes</li> <li>2.Reactivity of nitro alkanes</li> <li>UNIT-II Nitro compounds</li> <li>1. Preparative methods of amines.</li> <li>2.chemical properties of amines</li> <li>UNIT-III Heterocyclic compounds</li> <li>1.Preparation of</li> <li>pyrrole,furan,thiophene</li> <li>UNIT-V:Photo chemistry</li> <li>1.Fluorescence and phosphorescence</li> </ul>

PAPER-VII-B	Unit-1 SCOPE AND	Unit-1 SCOPE AND
ENVIRONMENTALCHEMISTRY	IMPORTANCE OF ENVIRONMENT Forest Resources	IMPORTANCE OF ENVIRONMENT Solar energy,Bio-Mass energy,Geothermal energy,Ocean
	Water Resources	thermal energy, thermal energy, atomic
	Mineral Resources	energy
	Land Resources	Unit-2 AIR POLLUTION
	Unit-3 WATER POLLUTION	Controlling methods of Air Pollution
	Softening of Water Having	Unit-3 WATER POLLUTION
	Permanent Hardness	Treatment of Wastage-Introduction
	Unit-4 CHEMICAL	Unit-5 ECOSYSTEM, SOLID
	TOXICOLOGY	WASTE MANAGEMENT AND
	Effects of Toxic Chemicals	DISASTER MANAGEMENT
		Food chains,Food webs
		Solid waste management methods
CLP-VIII-B2 INOGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE	UNIT-I RECAPTITULATION OF s AND p BLOCK ELEMENTS Allotropy, allotropes of C, S & P Oxidation states, anomalous behaviour of first member of each group UNIT-II SILICATE INDUSTRIES <u>GLASS</u> – composition and properties of glasses, sodalime glass, lead glass, safety glass, n Borosilicate glass, coloured glass. <u>CEMENT</u> - cement setting process, definition UNIT-III	UNIT-I RECAPTITULATION OF s AND p BLOCK ELEMENTS Periodicity s and p block element, electronic configuration, atomic and ionic size, factors effecting ionization enthalpy, electronegative, Alfred- rochow scales, inert pair effect UNIT-II SILICATE INDUSTRIES <u>GLASS</u> - Glassy state and its properties, classification, manufacture. <u>CEMENT-</u> ingradients and their role, manufacture UNIT-III FERTILIZERS Compound and mixed fertilizers, potassium chloride, potassium sulphate

FERTILIZERS Urea, ammonium nitrate,	Uses in industrial purpose. UNIT-IV
superphosphate of lime,	POLYMERS
UNIT-IV	
POLYMERS	

UNIT-V ALLOYS Composition and significance of different types of steels, heat resisting steel, stainless steel, spring steel, tools steel	Classification, number average, weight average, determine molecular weight ofpolymers by osmometry. UNIT-V ALLOYS Definition, classification, manufacture ofsteel
CHEMICAL EXPLOSIVES Characteristics of explosives, introduction to rocket propellents	CHEMICAL EXPLOSIVES – preparations and significance of lead azide, PETN, RDX